

External Complaints Policy and Procedure



Introduction

The governors of Bingley Grammar School are committed to ensuring that the highest standards are maintained at the school both in the provision of education to pupils and in every other aspect of the running of the school. A complaints procedure is an important part of the management of a well-run school allowing parents and others the opportunity to voice any concerns and complaints they may have through appropriate channels. This policy explains the procedure which has been adopted by the governing body to ensure a timely, systematic and fair approach to the resolution of such concerns and complaints.

We recognise the need to be clear about the difference between a concern and a complaint.

The DfE in their non-statutory guidance to schools “Best Practice Advice for School Complaints Procedures 2020” define the difference between a “concern” and a “complaint” in the following paragraph:

“A ‘concern’ may be defined as ‘an expression of worry or doubt over an issue considered to be important for which reassurances are sought’. A complaint may be generally defined as ‘an expression of dissatisfaction however made, about actions taken or a lack of action’.

Taking informal concerns seriously at the earliest stage reduces the numbers that develop into formal complaints. We aim to ensure that concerns are handled, if at all possible, without the need for formal procedures. Our formal complaints procedure is only necessary if efforts to resolve the concern informally are unsuccessful. In most cases, a class teacher or an individual delivering the service will receive the first approach

Our formal procedures are invoked when initial attempts to resolve the issue are unsuccessful and the person raising the concern remains dissatisfied and wishes to take the matter further. (See appendix A and appendix B.)

This policy does not cover certain types of complaints, which are dealt with under separate procedures. These include:

- Any complaint relating to child protection. (These will immediately be raised by the school’s Named Person for safeguarding with the local authority (LA) for them to handle.)
- Complaints arising through conflict between estranged parents over the application of parental responsibility. (These will be dealt with having the best interest of the child in mind and with reference to the DfE guidance *‘Understanding and Dealing with Issues Relating to Parental Responsibility September 2018* and with further legal advice if necessary.)
- SEN complaints – addressed under the SEN Policy and Procedures (a copy is available on the school’s website).



Complaints by staff – addressed under the school's grievance procedure or other personnel policies.

Complaints about staff – investigated under the school's staff complaints policy or internal staff disciplinary policy.

- Admissions – addressed under the admissions and admissions appeals procedure.
- Pupil Exclusions – addressed under the school's behaviour/exclusion policy.
- Whistle blowing – (matters of impropriety e.g. a breach of law, school procedures or ethics) – addressed under the whistle blowing procedure.
- Complaints about school re-organisation (these should be referred to the LA)
- Complaints against services provided by third party hirers of the school premises (the school will direct the complainant to the external provider's own complaints procedures).
- Complaints regarding discrimination and harassment based on protected characteristics as defined in the Equality Act 2010 – the general complaints procedure applies but the complainant has a further right of appeal to the Special Educational Needs and Disability First-tier Tribunal.

A complaint may result in disciplinary action by the school against a member of staff and this would be confidential between that member of staff and the school, but otherwise complainants will be kept fully informed of the handling of any complaint. Any complaint will be kept confidential, unless it is necessary to involve other parties, and will be dealt with as quickly as possible.

Members of staff recognise that complainants may sometimes act out of character in times of stress, anxiety or distress and will make reasonable allowances for this. However, all instances of unacceptable behaviour such as harassment, aggressive verbal or physical abuse at any time will be documented and this may result in the complaint being dealt with only through written communication thereafter.

Objectives and targets

To be effective our complaints procedure will:

- Encourage resolution of problems by informal means wherever possible.
- Be easily accessible and publicised, including to third parties who hire school premises.
- Be simple to understand and use.
- Be impartial.
- Be compliant with the school's obligations under current legislation.
- Be non-adversarial.
- Allow swift handling with established time-limits for action and keeping people informed of the progress.
- Ensure a full and fair investigation by an independent person where necessary.
- Respect people's desire for confidentiality.



Address all the points at issue and provide an effective response and appropriate redress, where necessary.

Provide information to the school's senior management team so that services can be improved.

Action plan

At Bingley Grammar School, the Headteacher has overall responsibility for the operation and management of the school complaints procedure. In practical terms, the Headteacher will nominate a senior member of staff as Complaints Co-ordinator to deal with matters on a day-by-day basis and hold records relating to any complaints received. The name of this member of staff is readily available from the school office or from any member of staff. Complaints from anyone who is not a parent of a pupil currently attending the school should be addressed to the school Complaints Co-ordinator in the first instance.

It is expected that attempts will be made to resolve difficulties informally with the class teacher/ form teacher/ head of year/ tutor before being referred to the Complaints Co-ordinator. The informal stage of the procedure will be exhausted before the matter is referred to the formal stages and a complaint form issued (see appendix B), together with a copy of the school's complaint procedure guidance. If any substantial complaint is made to a member of staff by a parent it will be referred to the Complaints Co-ordinator, as appropriate, if it cannot be resolved immediately by the member of staff to the satisfaction of the parent. The Complaints Co-ordinator will allocate responsibility for dealing with the complaint to the relevant line manager, Key Stage Leader, or Headteacher, as appropriate.

Complaints arising through conflict between estranged parents

Complaints arising through conflict between estranged parents over the application of parental responsibility will be dealt with through this policy. They will be dealt with having the best interest of the child in mind, with reference to the DfE guidance *Understanding and Dealing with Issues Relating to Parental Responsibility September 2018*, and with further legal advice if necessary.

Anonymous complaints

Anonymous concerns or complaints are not normally investigated. However, the Headteacher or chair of governors will, if appropriate, consider whether the complaint warrants an investigation and decide what stage of the procedure needs to be invoked.

Roles and responsibilities of participants in the investigation of a complaint **The Complainant**

The person who makes the complaint will receive the most effective response to the complaint if he/she:

- Expresses the complaint in full as early as possible.
- Asks for assistance if needed throughout the handling of the complaint.



Co-operates with the school in its procedures of seeking a solution to the complaint.

Responds promptly to requests for information or meetings or in agreeing the details of the complaint.

- Treats all those involved in the complaint with respect.

The Governors

When responding to, or making criticism or complaints affecting the school, all governors must follow the complaints policy and procedures as agreed with the school leadership and management.

Individual governors should not allow themselves to be approached by parents or members of the public who raise concerns or complaints. Governors have no power to act on an individual basis, and it may also prevent them from considering complaints at stage 3 of the formal procedure (see below). If the complaint is about an individual governor, group of governors or the governing board as a whole, it should be addressed to the clerk to the governing board who will determine the appropriate persons/board to deal with the complaint.

Complaints made during school holidays

Complaints made outside of term time will be deemed to have been received on the first school day after the holiday period.

The Complaints Co-ordinator (role currently carried out jointly by the Head's PA and the School Business Manager)

The complaints co-ordinator must

- Keep records of the complaint and its progress, and ensure an investigator is in place
- Ensure that everyone involved in the complaint procedure is aware of the legislation around complaints including the Equality Act 2010, the UK General Data Protection Regulation, the Freedom of Information Act 2000 and the DfE Best Practice Advice for School Complaints Procedures
- Be aware of issues regarding:
 - Sharing third party information.
 - Additional support for the complainant when making a complaint, including interpretation support.
- Liaise with staff members, Headteacher, Chair of Governors and Clerk to ensure the smooth running of the complaint's procedure.
- Keep the complainant fully updated at each stage of the procedure.
- Review the Complaints Log with the Headteacher on a regular basis and ensure the Headteacher is aware of any serious complaint in a timely fashion



The Investigator

The investigator is involved in stages 1 and 2 of the procedure. They investigate the complaint and will ensure that they:

- Conduct interviews with an open mind and are prepared to persist in the questioning.
- Keep notes of the interviews or arrange for an independent note taker to record minutes of all meetings.

The investigator's role will include:

- Providing a comprehensive, open, transparent and fair consideration of the complaint through:
 - Interviewing the complainant sensitively and thoroughly to establish what has happened and who has been involved.
 - Interviewing staff, pupils and other people relevant to the complaint.
 - Consideration of records and other relevant information.
 - Analysing information.
- Effectively liaising with the complainant and the complaints co-ordinator to clarify what the complainant feels would put things right.
- Identifying possible solutions and recommending courses of action to resolve problems.
- Being mindful of the timescales to respond.
- Responding to the complainant in plain and clear language.

The Headteacher

The Headteacher will review the Complaints Log with the Complaints Co-ordinator on a regular basis and determine whether any action needs to be taken to speed up the process of any ongoing complaints.

The Review Panel (governors' complaints appeal panel)

The aim of the review panel meeting is to review how the school has managed the complaint, not to re-investigate the complaint itself. The review panel will consist of three governors, none of whom have any connection to the complaint.

The Panel Clerk (this could be clerk to the governors or the complaints coordinator)

The clerk is involved from stage 3 of the complaint procedure. The panel clerk is the contact point for the complainant for the panel meeting and will:

- Set the date, time and venue of the hearing, ensuring that the dates are convenient to all parties and that the venue and proceedings are accessible.
- Collate any written material and send it to the parties in advance of the hearing.
- Meet and welcome the parties as they arrive at the hearing.
- Record the proceedings.
- Circulate the minutes of the panel hearing.
- Notify all parties of the panel's decision.
- Liaise with the complaints co-ordinator.



The Panel Chair (this may be the Chair of Governors or a governor appointed by the Chair of Governors to carry out this role for a particular hearing)

The panel chair will ensure that:

- He/she liaises with the clerk and complaints co-ordinator
- No member of the panel has an external interest in the outcome of the proceedings or any involvement in an earlier stage of the procedure.
- The panel is open-minded and acts independently.
- The layout of the room is informal and not adversarial.
- Parents/carers and others who may not be used to speaking at such a hearing are put at ease (particularly important if the complainant is a youngster).
- The hearing is conducted in an informal manner with everyone treated with respect and courtesy.
- While the hearing is conducted in an informal manner, all matters brought up will be considered seriously.
- The role of the panel is explained to the complainant and both they and the school have the opportunity of putting their case without undue interruption.
- The meeting is minuted.
- The issues are addressed.
- Both the complainant and the school are given the opportunity to state their case and seek clarity where necessary.
- Key findings of fact are made.
- Written material is seen by everyone in attendance.
- If a new issue arises, a short adjournment of the hearing will take place so that everyone will have the opportunity to consider and comment upon it.

Panel members

Panel members become involved at stage 3 in the complaint procedure. They need to be aware that:

- The aim of the hearing, which will be held in private, is not to re-investigate the complaint but to try to resolve the complaint and achieve reconciliation between the school and the complainant.
- The panel hearing is independent and impartial, and must be seen to be so.
- Many complainants will feel nervous and inhibited in the setting.
- Extra care must be taken when the complainant is a youngster and present during all or part of the hearing, and the welfare of the youngster is most important.

Stages in the complaint's procedure

There are three stages in the school's complaints procedure. See appendix A for a flow chart. At each stage in the procedure, we will remain mindful of ways in which a complaint can be resolved. It might be sufficient to acknowledge that the complaint



is valid in whole or in part. In addition, it may be appropriate to offer one or more of the following:

- An apology.
- An explanation.
- An admission that the situation could have been handled differently or better.
- An assurance that the event complained of will not recur.
- An explanation of the steps that have been taken to ensure that it will not happen again.
- An undertaking to review school policies considering the complaint.

We encourage complainants to state what actions they feel might resolve the problem at any stage. An admission that the school could have handled the situation better is not the same as an admission of negligence.

At all times we will seek to identify areas of agreement between the parties and clarify any misunderstandings that might have occurred because this can create a positive atmosphere in which to discuss any outstanding issues.

Bingley Grammar School expects any complaints to be made as soon as possible after an incident arises (although up to three months is acceptable in certain circumstances). Once a formal complaint has been received, the school's cut-off timeframe will apply to both parties. However, the school will consider exceptions to this timeframe from both parties if necessary.

Stage 1 – Informal – complaint heard by staff member

A complaint may be made in person, by telephone, or in writing. In this informal stage, the investigator, ie the class teacher/form teacher/head of year/tutor (but not the subject of the complaint or a governor), will deal with the complaint. Most parents' concerns can be satisfactorily resolved by discussion with the class teacher/form teacher/head of year/tutor or with other members of staff. There may be no need for the complaint to be put in writing, which would formalise matters and may lead parents to feel less prepared to articulate concerns, perhaps because of a fear that such action may prejudice the interests of their child. At the end of a meeting or telephone call, the member of staff will ensure that the complainant and the school have the same understanding of what was discussed and agreed. A brief note of meetings and telephone calls will be kept and, if appropriate, a copy of this and any written response will be passed to the Complaints Co-ordinator and added to the record.

The complaint should be resolved within five school days, wherever possible. However, if the complainant wishes to take the matter further, they are requested to complete the complaints form (appendix B) and return it to the school within five school days. The Headteacher is informed, and stage 2 is implemented.

Stage 2 – Formal– complaint heard by Headteacher or senior staff member

If the concern is not met to the complainant's satisfaction by discussion, then:



- The complainant puts the complaint in writing using the complaints form (appendix B).
- The initial recipient of the complaint will refer the matter to the investigator eg the Headteacher or to a designated member of the senior management team.
- The Headteacher, or a designated member of the senior management team, will investigate the circumstances of the complaint and may find it appropriate to ask for written statements from staff or pupils and to call for any relevant documentation. If the complaint is against a member of staff, that member of staff has a right to be given details of the complaint and the opportunity to make representation about it. The person investigating the incident will take these details into account.
- The Headteacher or designated member of staff will consider the complaint but, in all instances, the Headteacher will be consulted about what action is required. The designated member of senior staff will respond to the complainant with the outcome of the investigation, normally within **ten** school working days of receipt of the substance of the complaint. The response may be in writing or at a meeting with the complainant followed by written confirmation of the outcome.

Note: Complaints against the Headteacher will usually first be dealt with by the Chair of Governors but might first involve a suitably skilled member of the governing body. Complaints against the Chair of Governors or any individual governor or the governing body as a whole should be made by writing to the clerk to the governing body. In some circumstances, the school reserves the right to refer the matter to an external body.

The complainant will be informed of his or her right to have the matter referred to the governors' complaints appeal panel if the outcome of stage 2 is not considered satisfactory. The time frame in which any appeal must be lodged in writing is **five** school days. Any such request by a complainant should be addressed to the clerk to the governors for the attention of the Chair of Governors and the governors' complaints appeal panel will be convened.

Stage 3 – Formal – governors' complaints appeal panel meeting

The aim of the review panel meeting is to review how the school has managed the complaint, not to re-investigate the complaint itself. This will include reviewing evidence and outcomes from stages 1 and 2 and evaluating whether the school has followed its policies and procedures. The panel should also give consideration to achieving reconciliation between the school and complainant, although it must be recognised that this is not always possible.

When the clerk to the governors receives the request for the governors' complaints appeal panel to meet:

- The complainant/parent will be informed by the clerk of the new timescale for the investigation and written report to be provided – i.e. normally within **14** working days. (However, the length of the investigation will depend on the nature of the complaint and other variable factors. If the investigation



is likely to exceed **14** days, the school will set realistic time limits for each action within the stage. Where such further investigations are necessary, new time limits may need to be set and the complainant will be sent details of the new deadline and an explanation for the delay.)

- A governors' complaints appeal panel will be assembled comprising three members, none of whom have any previous connection to the complaint, and one of whom will act as chair for the meeting. The meeting will additionally have a clerk in attendance.
- If the complainant requests an independent panel, the school will consider the request but ultimately the decision is made by the chair of governors. It should be noted that an external panel will only be considered in circumstances where the chair of governors is convinced that no members of the school's governing body would be likely to hear the complaint in an impartial manner.
- The clerk will write to the complainant, the Headteacher, the Chair of Governors and appeal panel members giving details of the meeting, requesting copies of any documents to be put before the meeting and the names of any witnesses that either party may wish to attend (if they agree to do so – normally witness evidence will be by way of statement).
- The clerk will inform the complainant of the right to be accompanied by a friend.

The hearing will be on reasonable notice and be held as soon as practicable after receipt of the referral. The procedure at the hearing (see appendix C) will be sensitive and appropriate for the circumstances and is at the discretion of the chair of the governors' complaints appeal panel.

The panel can:

- dismiss the complaint in whole or in part.
- uphold the complaint in whole or in part.
- decide on the appropriate action to be taken to resolve the complaint.
- recommend changes to the school's procedures to ensure that similar problems do not recur.

The governors' appeal panel's decision is final.

After the hearing, the clerk will offer copies of the minutes of the meeting to all parties involved in the panel hearing and provide an opportunity for the minutes to be agreed and, if necessary, challenged within **five** school days so that no additional complaints will arise because of the record of the meeting.

A copy of the findings and recommendations of the panel will be sent by letter to the complainant and, where relevant, to the person complained about, and also to the Headteacher. It must be stressed that the need for any disciplinary procedures to be invoked is entirely the remit of the Headteacher and neither details of the



decision to implement these procedures nor the results of any procedures entered into will be communicated to the complainant.

A written record will be kept of all complaints stating:

- Whether the complaint was resolved following stage 2 or proceeded to stage 3 of the complaints procedure.
- The action taken by the school as a result of the complaint (regardless of whether it is upheld).

All correspondence, statements and other records relating to individual complaints will be kept confidential except where the Education Secretary or Ofsted requests access to them.

If the complainant is still not satisfied

If the complainant is still not satisfied after all the processes of the school's complaints procedure have been undertaken or tries to re-open the same issue, the Chair of Governors will inform them in writing that the procedure has been exhausted and any further contact from the complainant on the same issue is likely to be ignored by the school.

Maintained schools other than academies and free schools

If complainants wish to take the complaint further, they may approach:

- The local authority (LA) – use this if the LA has an appropriate policy of handling complaints about schools.

The School Complaints Unit (SCU) of the DFE. The SCU will then decide whether they, or another organisation, would be best placed to respond to the complaint. The SCU will not re-open the complaint but will check that the procedures in the school's policy and other relevant policies were followed correctly and that the policy meets all legal requirements. The complaints form is available at: www.gov.uk/complain-about-school/state-schools

Complaints to the SCU may also be sent to:

The School Complaints Unit (SCU)
Department for Education
2nd Floor, Piccadilly Gate
Store Street
Manchester
M1 2WD

Telephone helpline: 0370 000 2288.

Recording complaints

The progress of any complaint and the final outcome will be recorded by the complaints co-ordinator.



Findings of individual complaints will be made available to the complainant and, where relevant, the person complained about. They will also be available to the Headteacher. They will be kept confidential except where the Education Secretary or body conducting an inspection (Ofsted) requests access to them.

Publicising the policy and procedure

Details of Bingley Grammar School's complaints policy and procedures are available on the school website and a paper copy can be provided on request to the school.

Unreasonable and/or persistent serial complaints

The school is committed to dealing with complaints fairly and impartially and to providing a high-quality service to those who do complain. However, we do not expect our staff to accept unreasonable complaints.

A complaint may be regarded as unreasonable when the person making the complaint:

- Refuses to articulate their complaint or specify the grounds of a complaint or the outcomes sought by raising the complaint, despite offers of assistance.
- Refuses to co-operate with the complaints investigation process while still wishing their complaint to be resolved.
- Refuses to accept that certain issues are not within the scope of a complaints procedure.
- Insists on the complaint being dealt with in ways which are incompatible with the adopted complaints procedure or with good practice.
- Introduces trivial or irrelevant information which the complainant expects to be taken into account and commented on, or raises large numbers of detailed but unimportant questions, and insists they are fully answered, often immediately and to their own timescales.
- Makes unjustified complaints about staff who are trying to deal with the issues and seeks to have them replaced.
- Changes the basis of the complaint as the investigation proceeds.
- Makes excessive demands on school time by frequent, lengthy, complicated and stressful contact with staff regarding the complaint in person, in writing, by email and/or by telephone while the complaint is being dealt with.
- Repeatedly makes the same complaint (despite previous investigations or responses concluding that the complaint is groundless or has been addressed).
- Refuses to accept the findings of the investigation into that complaint where the school's complaint procedure has been fully and properly implemented and completed including referral to the Department for Education.
- Seeks an unrealistic outcome.



A complaint may also be considered unreasonable if the person making the complaint does so face-to-face, by telephone, in writing or electronically in a way that could be described as:

- Maliciously.
- Aggressively, using threats, intimidation or violence.
- Using abusive, offensive or discriminatory language.
- Knowing it to be false.
- Using falsified information.
- Publishing unacceptable information in a variety of media such as in social media websites and newspapers.

Where aggression or abusive behaviour has been used, the school may have to:

- Ask them to leave the school premises.
- Inform the police.
- If necessary, bar them from being on school premises.

Where complainants excessively contact the school, causing a significant level of disruption, we may specify methods of communication and limit the number of contacts in a communication plan. This will usually be reviewed after six months. If a complaint is investigated according to the school's policy but not to the satisfaction of the complainant, who then tries to reopen the same issue, the chair of the governing board will inform them in writing that the procedure has been exhausted and that the matter is now closed. However, if the complainant raises an entirely new, separate complaint, it will be dealt with in accordance with the school's complaints procedure.

The same applies to 'duplicate' complaints by a relative or friend of a previous complainant who seeks to re-open a closed issue. However, if the duplicate complaint contains new allegations, then these must be considered under the school's procedure.

Monitoring and evaluation

The Headteacher will review the Complaints Log with the Complaints Co-ordinator on a regular basis.

The governing body will monitor the level and nature of complaints using the records kept by the complaints co-ordinator. Wherever possible, complaints information shared with the whole governing body will not name individuals. The policy will be evaluated in the light of complaints made and their resolution in order to contribute to school improvement.

Reviewing

The efficacy of this policy will be reviewed every two years.



Should the DFE (or for academies and free schools the EFA) advise the school that the policy or procedures need to be amended, these will be effected as soon as possible. Where changes in legislation require changes to the policy, these will also be introduced as soon as possible.

Originator: E1V

Partner Governor: DMn

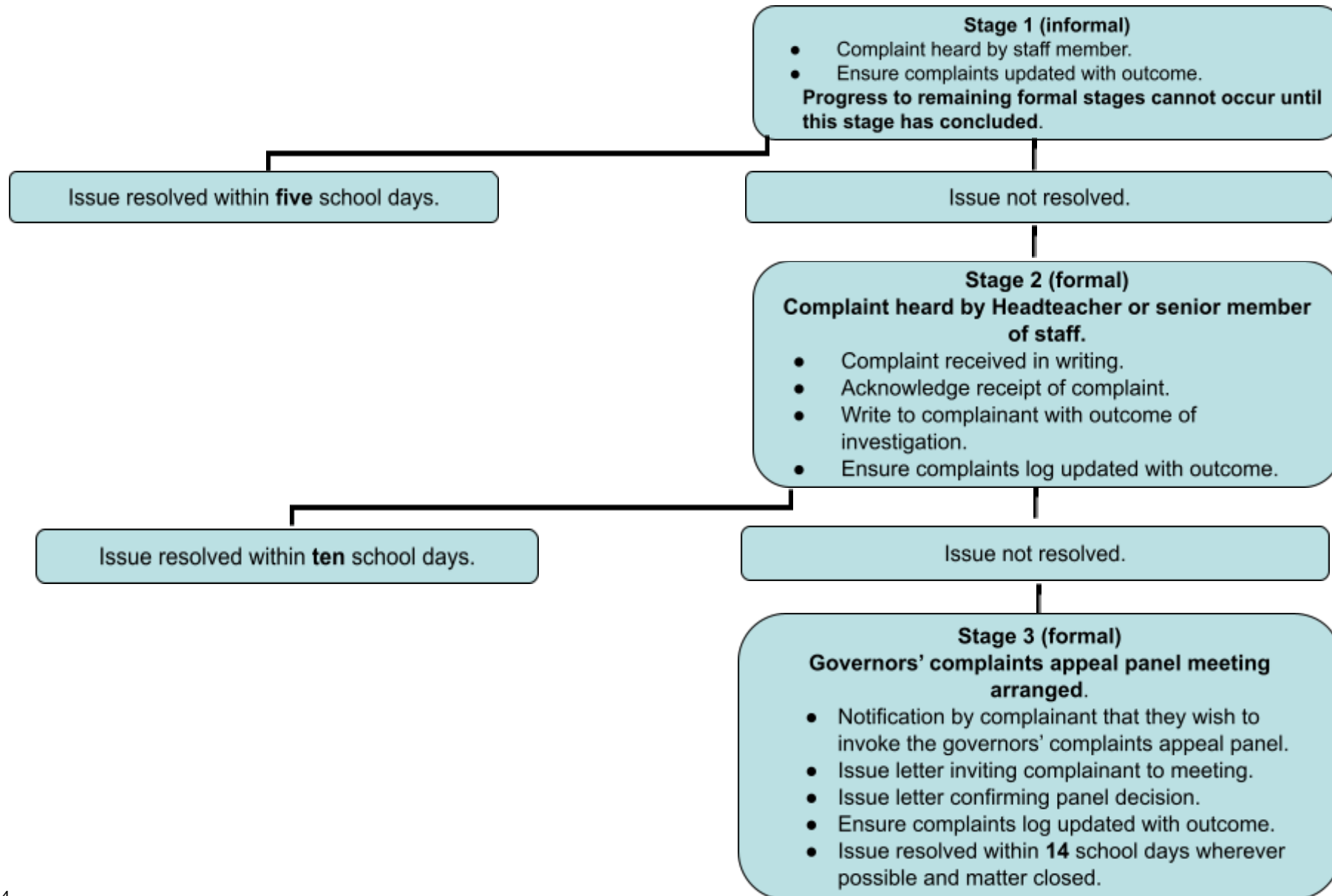
Date of Review: July 2026

Ratified by Governing Body

Next Review: July 2027



APPENDIX A: FLOWCHART FOR THE COMPLAINTS PROCEDURE



APPENDIX B: COMPLAINTS FORM

Please complete and return to school@bingleygrammar.org where the complaints co-ordinator will acknowledge receipt and explain what action will be taken. The complaints co-ordinator will ensure that the complaint follows the procedure as detailed in the policy.

Your name:	
Pupil's name (if relevant):	
Your relationship to the pupil:	
Address:	
Postcode:	
Daytime telephone number:	Evening telephone number:

Nature of the concern/complaint (please select from the following options):	
Classroom experience	Friendship
Behaviour	Communication
Health & Safety	Staff Conduct
Special Educational Needs and/or Disabilities	Child Protection
Other (please specify)	

Please give details of your complaint:
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If the complaint received is overly lengthy, generated by AI or needlessly complex, the person investigating reserves the right to ask for the complaint to be resubmitted in a more accessible format.

What action, if any, have you already taken to try and resolve your complaint? (Who did you speak to and what was the response)?
--

What actions do you feel might resolve the problem at this stage?
Are you attaching any paperwork? If so, please give details.
Signature:
Date:
Official use
Date acknowledgement sent:
By whom:
Complaint referred to:
Date:

APPENDIX C:

CHECKLIST FOR A PANEL HEARING

The governors' complaints appeal panel needs to take the following points into account:

- The hearing is as informal as possible.
- Witnesses are only required to attend for the part of the hearing in which they give their evidence.
- After introductions, the complainant is invited to explain their complaint, and be followed by their witnesses.
- The Headteacher may question both the complainant and the witnesses after each has spoken.
- The Headteacher is then invited to explain the school's actions and be followed by the school's witnesses.
- The complainant may question both the Headteacher and the witnesses after each has spoken.
- The panel may ask questions at any point.
- The complainant is then invited to sum up their complaint.
- The Headteacher is then invited to sum up the school's actions and response to the complaint.
- Both parties leave together while the panel decides on the issues.
- The chair explains that both parties will hear from the panel within a set time scale.

**APPENDIX D:
UNREASONABLE COMPLAINTS– ONGOING PROCEDURE**

(School address)

(Date)

Dear Mr/Mrs/Miss/Ms,

[Nature of complaint]

Further to your recent contact with the school in connection with your on-going complaint about I ask for your co-operation while the complaints procedure is in process.

Bingley Grammar School is committed to dealing with all complaints fairly and impartially, and to providing a high quality service to those who complain. We will not normally limit the contact complainants have with the school. However, we do not expect our staff to tolerate unacceptable behaviour and will take action to protect them from such behaviour, including that which is abusive, offensive or threatening.

Bingley Grammar School defines unreasonable complainants as 'those who, because of the frequency or nature of their contacts with the school, hinder our consideration of their or other people's complaints'.

A complaint may be regarded as unreasonable when the person making the complaint:

(choose from the list of bullet points below according to nature of the problem)

- Refuses to articulate their complaint or specify the grounds of a complaint or the outcomes sought by raising the complaint, despite offers of assistance.
- Refuses to co-operate with the school's complaints investigation process while still wishing their complaint to be resolved.
- Refuses to accept that certain issues are not within the scope of a complaints procedure.
- Insists on the complaint being dealt with in ways which are incompatible with the adopted complaints procedure or with good practice.
- Introduces trivial or irrelevant information which the complainant expects to be taken into account and commented on, or raises large numbers of detailed but unimportant questions, and insists they are fully answered, often immediately and to their own timescales.
- Makes unjustified complaints about staff who are trying to deal with the issues, and seeks to have them replaced.

- Changes the basis of the complaint as the investigation proceeds.
- Makes excessive demands on school time by frequent, lengthy, complicated and stressful contact with staff regarding the complaint in person, in writing, by email and/or by telephone while the complaint is being dealt with.

I ask you to please limit the numbers of communications with the school while your complaint is being progressed. It is not helpful if repeated correspondence is sent (by letter, phone, email or text) because it could delay the outcome being reached. If you continue to contact the school excessively, causing a significant level of disruption to staff, I may have to specify the mode and number of communications that will be considered acceptable.

A complaint may also be considered unreasonable if the person making the complaint does so face-to-face, by telephone, in writing or electronically in a way that could be described as:

(choose from the list of bullet points below according to nature of the problem)

- Maliciously.
- Aggressively, using threats, intimidation or violence.
- Using abusive, offensive or discriminatory language.
- Knowing it to be false.
- Using falsified information.
- Publishing unacceptable information in a variety of media such as in social media websites and newspapers.

Where aggression has been used add:

Please desist from using aggressive, abusive behaviour against the school staff or I may have to

- Ask you to leave the school premises.
- Inform the police.
- If necessary, bar you from being on school premises, which I have the right to do.

We do want to resolve your complaint but please let us do so by working to the schedule of the procedure and peacefully.

Yours sincerely

Headteacher

APPENDIX E: UNREASONABLE COMPLAINTS– PROCEDURE COMPLETED

(School address)

(Date)

Dear Mr/Mrs/Miss/Ms,

[Nature of complaint]

Further to your recent contact with the school after the decision of the complaints appeal panel, and having advised you of the steps you could take if you were still unsatisfied with that decision, I write a final letter to you to ask that you refrain from contacting the school on substantially the same matter which, having been dealt with thoroughly and reasonably through all the school's complaints procedure, I now consider to be an unreasonable complaint.

Bingley Grammar School is committed to dealing with all complaints fairly and impartially, and to providing a high quality service to those who complain. We will not normally limit the contact complainants have with the school. However, we do not expect our staff to tolerate unacceptable behaviour and will take action to protect them from such behaviour, including that which is abusive, offensive or threatening.

Bingley Grammar School defines unreasonable complainants as 'those who, because of the frequency or nature of their contacts with the school, hinder our consideration of their or other people's complaints'.

A complaint may be regarded as unreasonable when the person making the complaint:

(choose from the list of bullet points below according to nature of the problem)

- Repeatedly makes the same complaint (despite previous investigations or responses concluding that the complaint is groundless or has been addressed).
- Refuses to accept the findings of the investigation into that complaint where the school's complaint procedure has been fully and properly implemented and completed including referral to the Department for Education
- Seeks an unrealistic outcome.
- Refuses to articulate their complaint or specify the grounds of a complaint or the outcomes sought by raising the complaint, despite offers of assistance.
- Refuses to accept that certain issues are not within the scope of a complaints procedure.
- Insists on the complaint being dealt with in ways which are incompatible with the adopted complaints procedure or with good practice.

- Makes excessive demands on school time by frequent, lengthy, complicated and stressful contact with staff regarding the complaint in person, in writing, by email and/or by telephone while the complaint is being dealt with.

A complaint may also be considered unreasonable if the person making the complaint does so face-to-face, by telephone, in writing or electronically in a way that could be described as:

- Maliciously.
- Aggressively, using threats, intimidation or violence.
- Using abusive, offensive or discriminatory language.
- Knowing it to be false.
- Using falsified information.
- Publishing unacceptable information in a variety of media such as in social media websites and newspapers.

Where aggression has been used add:

Please desist from using aggressive, abusive behaviour against the school staff or I may have to

- Ask you to leave the school premises.
- Inform the police.
- If necessary, bar you from being on school premises, which I have the right to do.

Once again, I now ask you to desist from contacting the school in connection with this complaint.

Yours sincerely

Headteacher